

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

1.1	Product Identifi	er	
	Material name	:	MCL8398 Engine Degreaser Aerosol

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Solvent cleaner Product use :

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Ultimotive Ltd Manufacturer/Supplier:

4 Altbarn Close Severalls Business Park Colchester Essex CO4 9HY

- Tel. : 01206 855232
- Email (for SDSs): info@ultimotive.co.uk
- 1.4 Emergency tel. no.: 01206 855232 (Available 8am-4pm) National emergency telephone number:

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (CLP):

Physical and Chemical Hazards	Aerosol Category 1; H222; H229
Human health	Eye Irrit.2; H319; STOT SE3; H336; EUH066
Environment	Not classified.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to EC Directives: 1272/2008/EC Signal word: Danger Contains: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, <2% aromatics Hazard Pictogram(s):





Hazard Statements:	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Supplementary Hazard	l	
Statements	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary		
Statements:	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
		No smoking.
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary		
Statements (continued):	P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection.
	P305+P351+P33	8 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulations.
2.3 Other hazards		n flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture. stances classified as PBT/vPvB.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures:

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS No./	Classification	SCL/	Content
	EC No./	(1272/2008/EC)	M-Factor/	
	Index No./		ATE	
	Reg. No			
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-	64742-48-9	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	No relevant data.	60-70%
ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS,	919-857-5	Asp. Tox. 1; H304		
<2% AROMATICS	01-2119463258-33-xxxx	STOT SE3; H336		
		EUH066		
LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS	68476-85-7	Flam.Gas 1; H220	No relevant data.	30-40%
(contains <0.1% 1,3-butadiene)	270-704-2	Gas under pressure; H280		
	-			
ALCOHOLS C9-11, ETHOXYLATED	68439-46-3	Acute Tox.4; H302	No relevant data.	1-5%
		Eye Dam.1; H318		
BENZENESULFONIC ACID, 4-C10-	84961-74-0	Sk.Irrit.2; H315	No relevant data.	1-5%
13-SEC	284-664-9	Eye Irrit.2; H319		
ALKYL DERIVS., COMPDS. WITH 2-	01-2119985163-33-0000	Aq.Chron.3; H412		
PROPANAMINE				

See Section 16 for the full text of the H-statements noted above.

(1272/2008/EC: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (CLP) Regulation).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. Take off any contaminated clothing and shoes/boots immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water. Seek medical advice if irritation develops.

Eye contact: Rinse with water for 10 minutes and seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water and give water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Seek medical advice.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause eye irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: See eye contact information above.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:	Carbon dioxide; dry chemical powder; alcohol or polymer foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: Ir	rritating/toxic fumes may be released at elevated temperatures.
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5.3 Advice for fire-fighters:

Special protective equipment:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Further information:	Standard procedure for chemical fires. Use water spray to cool containers.
	Do not allow fire run-off to enter drains.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Use personal protective equipment to deal with spillage.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain the spillage using sufficient appropriate absorbent material. Do not discharge into drains or rivers, but if contamination to waterways has occurred, inform local authorities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wipe up liquid spillage with absorbent material such as sand, earth, or vermiculite, and place in a labelled container for disposal in accordance with local/national regulations.

6.4 References to other sections: See sections 8 and 13 for personal protection and disposal information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Handle with care.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well ventilated area, below 50°C. Protect from frost, heat and sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feed.

7.3 Specific end use(s): No information available.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Chemical name	8hr TWA	15min STEL	Reference
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-Alkanes,	1000 mg/m ³ /150 ppm	-	UK SIA
Isoalkanes, Cyclics, <2% aromatics			
Liquefied petroleum gas	1750 mg/m ³ /1000ppm	2810 mg/m ³ /1250 ppm	UK EH40/2005

Information on monitoring procedures:

Reference standard: EN 14042:2003 - "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

DNEL:

DNEL (workers)	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, <2% aromatics	Benzenesulfonic acid, 4- C10-13-sec alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine	Reference
Chronic systemic effects (dermal)	300 mg/kg	0.94 mg/kg/day	Manufacturer
Chronic systemic effects (inhalation)	1500 mg/m ³	3.33 mg/m ³	Manufacturer

DNEL (consumers)	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, <2% aromatics	Benzenesulfonic acid, 4- C10-13-sec alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine	Reference
Chronic systemic effects (dermal)	300 mg/kg	0.47 mg/kg/day	Manufacturer
Chronic systemic effects (inhalation)	900 mg/m ³	0.82 mg/m ³	Manufacturer
Chronic systemic effects (oral)	300 mg/kg	0.47 mg/kg/day	Manufacturer

PNEC:

Environment	Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine	
Aquatic Compartment		
Fresh water	0.268 mg/l	
Marine water	0.0268 mg/l	
Water-intermittent (sporadic) release	0.268 mg/l	
Dry Sediment (fresh water)	8.1 mg/kg	
Dry Sediment (marine water)	8.1 mg/kg	
Terrestrial Compartment		
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	1.67 mg/l	
Dry soil	35 mg/kg	

The hydrocarbon solvent is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or variable composition (UVCB). Conventional methods of deriving PNECs are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single representative PNEC for such substances.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Personal protection

Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles if eye contact is reasonably probable. The selected goggles or glasses must satisfy the European standard EN 166.

Skin protection: Wear chemically resistant gloves such as butyl rubber approved to standard EN 374; material thickness 0.5mm; break through time \geq 480 min. Gloves must be replaced after 8 hours of wear. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Check with glove manufacturer for specific advice. Depending on the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection should be worn. The selected protective clothing has to satisfy the standard EN 13034, which describes clothing offering limited 8 hour protection against splashes. Use PPE that is chemically resistant to the product and prevents skin contact.

Respiratory protection: If Workplace Exposure Limit(s) listed above are exceeded, respiratory protection may be required, in which case use a respirator fitted with an organic vapour filter.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Aerosol
Colour	Colourless
Odour	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	No data available
Boiling point/range	No data available
Flammability	Extremely flammable
Lower/Upper explosion limit	0.6% / 9.0%
Flash point	<0°C
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable
pH	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	No data available
Solubility	Emulsifies with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure	No data available
Density	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

9.2 Other information:

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	Generally non-reactive.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	None if stored and used as directed.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	None known.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

The mixture as a whole has not been tested for toxicological effects. Toxicological data on individual components is listed below.

Chemical name		Oral (LD50)	Inhalation (LC50)	Dermal (LD50)
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANE CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS	S, ISOALKANES,	>5000 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	>3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS		Not applicable	>20mg/l (Rat) 4h	Not applicable
ALCOHOLS C9-11, ETHOXYLATED			2001 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
BENZENESULFONIC ACID, 4-C10-13-S ALKYL DERIVS., COMPDS. WITH 2-PR		>2000 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available
Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation:	Classified as Eye Irritant 2, H319: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Carcinogenicity:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Reproductive toxicity:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
STOT – single exposure:	The mixture is classified as STOT SE3, H336; May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
STOT – repeated exposure:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
11.2 Information on other hazards	Supplementary hazard: EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking			
Endocrine disrupting properties	No ingredients h	ave been identified as	having endocrine disru	pting properties.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The mixture as a whole has not been tested for ecological effects. Ecological data on individual components is listed below.

Chemical name	Species	Test	Value
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES,	Daphnia	LL/EL/IL50	Expected to be not toxic at limit of
ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS	Fish	LL/EL/IL50	water solubility
	Algae	LL/EL/IL50	
ALCOHOLS C9-11, ETHOXYLATED	Fish	LL50	>1- ≤10 mg/l
	Daphnia	LL50	>1- ≤10 mg/l
	Algae	EC50	>1- ≤10 mg/l

Physical properties indicate that petroleum gases will rapidly volatilise from the aquatic environment and that acute and chronic effects would not be observed in practice.

12.1 Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
12.2 Persistence and degradability	Expected to be readily biodegradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	No data available
12.4 Mobility in soil	Partially miscible in water.
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Contains no PBT or vPvB substances.
12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	No ingredients have been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties.
12.7 Other adverse effects	
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance.
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contact licensed waste disposal company. Most aerosols can be recycled. Do not pierce or burn or use a cutting torch on the empty aerosol container.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General Information: The UN number for all aerosols is 1950. Aerosols packed in fibreboard cartons up to 30 kg gross weight, or shrink/stretch wrapped onto trays up to 20 kg gross weight may be transported as Limited Quantities, and should display the following symbol on the pack:



The following information relates to all other aerosols not transported as Limited Quantities:

14.1 UN number	ADR/RID/ADN; IMDG; ICAO	1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	ADR/RID/ADN Class	2, 5F
	ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 2, Gases
	ADR Label No.	2.1
	IMDG Class	2
	ICAO Class/Division	2
	ICAO Subsidiary risk	2.1
	FLAMMABLE	GAS
	Transport labels	
14.4 Packing Group	ADR/RID/ADN; IMDG; ICAO	Not applicable for aerosols
14.5 Environment hazards	Marine Pollutant	Not applicable for aerosols.
14.6 Special precautions for user	EMS Tunnel restriction code	F-D, S-U (D)
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		Not applicable for aerosols.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Directives

Regulations (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been performed on this product.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Physical hazards:	On basis of test data/Expert judgement.
Health hazards:	Calculation method
Environmental hazards:	Not classified

Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H220 Extremely flammable gas.
- H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
STOT: Single Target Organ Toxicity
SE: Single exposure
DNEL: Derived no effect level – a level above which humans should not be exposed.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
TWA: Time-weighted average.
SCL: Specific Concentration Limit
STEL: Short-term exposure limit.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic.
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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