Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: SS6005 Sakura Wheel Paint White 400 ml (Case of 6)

Other means of identification:

UFI: 5WW3-33JP-W000-56W8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses (Consumer use): Spray paint
Relevant uses (Professional users): Spray paint
Relevant uses (Industrial user): Spray paint
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

SAXON
Everland Road, Hungerford, Berkshire, RG17 0DX
Website: www.saxon-brands.com
Telephone: 01488 689 400
e-mail: info@saxon-brands.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: NHS Direct in England or Wales 0845 46 47 or NHS 24 in Scotland 08454 24 24 24

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosols, Category 1, H222
Aerosol 1: Pressurised container: May burst if heated., H229
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P103: Read label before use.
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261: Avoid breathing spray
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F
P501: Dispose of the content and/or its container by delivering it to a separate collection point for hazardous waste enabled in your municipality.

Supplementary information:

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Substances that contribute to the classification

acetone

UFI: 5WW3-33JP-W000-56W8

2.3 Other hazards:

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria
Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS **

3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Aerosol

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 Index: 606-001-00-8 REACH: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	**acetone[1]**	ATP CLP00	**25 - <50%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger 	
CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9 Index: 601-003-00-5 REACH: 01-2119486944-21-XXXX	**Propane[2]**	ATP CLP00	**10 - <25%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger 	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	**Xylene[1]**	Self-classified	**5 - <10%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger 	
CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2 Index: 601-004-00-0 REACH: 01-2119485395-27-XXXX	**Isobutane[2]**	ATP CLP00	**5 - <10%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas (Liq.): H280 - Danger 	
CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 Index: 601-004-00-0 REACH: 01-2119474691-32-XXXX	**Butane[2]**	ATP CLP00	**5 - <10%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger 	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	**Ethylbenzene[3]**	Self-classified	**0.1 - <0.3%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger 	
CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3 Index: 607-038-00-2 REACH: 01-2119475112-47-XXXX	**2-butoxyethyl acetate[3]**	ATP CLP00	**<0.01%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Warning 	

[1] Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878
[2] Voluntarily-listed substance failing to meet any of the criteria set out in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878
[3] Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation mist	4,036 mg/L *	

*Equivalent ATE value of the substance applicable to the exposure route of the product. For the ATE value associated with the exposure route of the substance, see section 11.

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EEC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

It is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.
Spillages in water or sea:
Small spillages:
Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.
Large spillages:
If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 ºC

Maximum Temp.: 35 ºC

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC,Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Xylene [1]	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m³
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m³
acetone	IOELV (8h)	500 ppm	1210 mg/m³
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	IOELV (STEL)		
Ethylbenzene [1]	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m³
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m³
2-butoxyethyl acetate [1]	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	133 mg/m³
CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	333 mg/m³

[1] Skin

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
acetone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 67-64-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	186 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-662-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	2420 mg/m³	1210 mg/m³	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m³	442 mg/m³	221 mg/m³	221 mg/m³
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	180 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Not relevant	293 mg/m³	77 mg/m³	Not relevant
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 112-07-2	Dermal	120 mg/kg	Not relevant	169 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-933-3	Inhalation	Not relevant	333 mg/m³	133 mg/m³	Not relevant

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
acetone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	62 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 67-64-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	62 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-662-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	200 mg/m³	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m³	260 mg/m³	65,3 mg/m³	65,3 mg/m³
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	15 mg/m³	Not relevant
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Oral	36 mg/kg	Not relevant	8,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 112-07-2	Dermal	72 mg/kg	Not relevant	102 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-933-3	Inhalation	Not relevant	200 mg/m³	80 mg/m³	Not relevant

PNEC:

Identification				
acetone	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10,6 mg/L
CAS: 67-64-1	Soil	29,5 mg/kg	Marine water	1,06 mg/L
EC: 200-662-2	Intermittent	21 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	30,4 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	3,04 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Ethylbenzene	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
EC: 202-849-4	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	0,02 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg
2-butoxyethyl acetate	STP	90 mg/L	Fresh water	0,304 mg/L
CAS: 112-07-2	Soil	0,415 mg/kg	Marine water	0,03 mg/L
EC: 203-933-3	Intermittent	0,56 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	2,03 mg/kg
	Oral	0,06 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,203 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,…) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles (Filter type: AX)	CE CAT III	EN 149:2001+A1:2010 EN 405:2002+A1:2010 EN ISO 136:1998	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	CE CAT III	EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	CE CAT II	EN ISO 16321-1:2022+ A1:2025 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	CE CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2005/A1:2011 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1995	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CE CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	81,53 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 ºC:	631,85 kg/m³ (631,85 g/L)
Average carbon number:	4,24
Average molecular weight:	73,31 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 ºC:	Aerosol
Appearance:	Fluid
Colour:	According to the markings on the package
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	-42 ºC (Propellant)
Vapour pressure at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Vapour pressure at 50 ºC:	<300000 Pa (300 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *

Product description:

Density at 20 ºC:	775 kg/m³
Relative density at 20 ºC:	0,78
Dynamic viscosity at 20 ºC:	55 mPa·s
Kinematic viscosity at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 ºC:	Not relevant *
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Immiscible
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
Recipient pressure:	Not relevant *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	410 ºC (Propellant)
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
Other safety characteristics:	
Surface tension at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Precaution	Precaution	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO_2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L	Rat
acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Propane CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation gases	>20000 mg/L	
Butane CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation gases	>20000 mg/L	

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5 EC: 200-857-2	LD50 oral	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation gases	>20000 mg/L	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17,2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-butoxyethyl acetate CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3	LD50 oral	2820 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1580 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	>2000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Dermal	12312,76 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
LC50 inhalation mist	45,18 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

Only the physical form mist can occur during any reasonably expected use of the product, including when the product is used to produce a new product.

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
acetone	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 67-64-1	EC50	8800 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
EC: 200-662-2	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
Xylene	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Ethylbenzene	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 100-41-4	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-849-4	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LC50	80 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
CAS: 112-07-2	EC50	37 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-933-3	EC50	500 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
acetone	NOEC	Not relevant		
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	NOEC	2212 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene	NOEC	Not relevant		
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	NOEC	0,96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
acetone	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 67-64-1	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 200-662-2	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	96 %
Xylene	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
Ethylbenzene	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days
EC: 202-849-4	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	90 %
2-butoxyethyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	30 mg/L
CAS: 112-07-2	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 203-933-3	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	77,3 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
acetone	BCF	1
CAS: 67-64-1	Pow Log	-0.24
EC: 200-662-2	Potential	Low
Propane	BCF	13
CAS: 74-98-6	Pow Log	2.86
EC: 200-827-9	Potential	Low
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
Isobutane	BCF	27
CAS: 75-28-5	Pow Log	2.76
EC: 200-857-2	Potential	Low
Butane	BCF	33
CAS: 106-97-8	Pow Log	2.89
EC: 203-448-7	Potential	Moderate
Ethylbenzene	BCF	1
CAS: 100-41-4	Pow Log	3.15
EC: 202-849-4	Potential	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	BCF	3
CAS: 112-07-2	Pow Log	1.51
EC: 203-933-3	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
acetone	Koc	1	Henry	2,93 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 67-64-1	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-662-2	Surface tension	2,304E-2 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes
Propane	Koc	460	Henry	71636,78 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 74-98-6	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-827-9	Surface tension	7,02E-3 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
Isobutane	Koc	35	Henry	120576,75 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 75-28-5	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-857-2	Surface tension	9,84E-3 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Butane	Koc	900	Henry	96258,75 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 106-97-8	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 203-448-7	Surface tension	1,187E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 100-41-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 202-849-4	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	5,532E-1 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 112-07-2	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 203-933-3	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
16 05 04*	gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2025 and RID 2025:

14.1 UN number or ID number: UN1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 2

Labels: 2.1

14.4 Packing group: N/A

14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 190, 327, 344, 625

Tunnel restriction code: D

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 1 L

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not relevant

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 42-24:

14.1	**UN number or ID number:**	UN1950
14.2	**UN proper shipping name:**	AEROSOLS
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es):**	2
	Labels:	2.1
14.4	**Packing group:**	N/A
14.5	**Marine pollutant:**	No
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	
	Special regulations:	63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344
	EmS Codes:	F-D, S-U
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	Limited quantities:	1 L
	Segregation group:	Not relevant
14.7	**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:**	Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2025:

14.1	**UN number or ID number:**	UN1950
14.2	**UN proper shipping name:**	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es):**	2
	Labels:	2.1
14.4	**Packing group:**	N/A
14.5	**Environmental hazards:**	No
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
14.7	**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:**	Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P3a	FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS	150,000	500,000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: Contains acetone. Product under the provisions of Article 9. However, products that contain explosives precursors only to such a small extent and in such complex mixtures that the extraction of the explosives precursors is technically extremely difficult should be excluded from the scope of this Regulation.
Shall not be used in:
—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
—tricks and jokes,
—games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.
Laboral exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled in accordance with Directive (EU) 2022/431, of the European Parliament and of the Council, of March 9, 2022, amending Directive 2004/37/EC, relating to the protection of workers against risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens during work.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

Council Directive 75/324/EEC of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers
Commission Directive 94/1/EC of 6 January 1994 adapting some technicalities of Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the relating Member States to aerosol dispensers
Commission Directive 2008/47/EC of 8 April 2008 amending, for the purposes of adapting to technical progress, Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers
Commission Directive 2013/10/EU of 19 March 2013 amending Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers in order to adapt its labelling provisions to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2016/2037 of 21 November 2016 amending Council Directive 75/324/EEC as regards the maximum allowable pressure of aerosol dispensers and to adapt its labelling provisions to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3):

· Removed substances
N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
Aluminium powder (stabilised) (7429-90-5)

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Press. Gas (Liq.): H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.
Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
Aerosol 1: Calculation method
Aerosol 1: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu
http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer